Course Overview

At both the state and federal levels, the American criminal justice system contains procedural rules based on Constitutional and statutory provisions that are ostensibly designed to ensure fair and just trials for criminal defendants. In this class, we explore the rules of criminal procedure in the light of their underlying values and aspirational goals, always asking ourselves whether the rules achieve their objectives.

This class is important for any student who plans to practice criminal law. It covers the key elements of the criminal trial—from pretrial procedures through the trial itself, then post-conviction remedies—in a thorough and comprehensive manner. In addition, this course covers material that is tested on the bar exam. According to the National Council of Bar Examiners, the following topics in this course are testable subjects for the MBE: right to counsel; fair trial and guilty pleas; double jeopardy; cruel and unusual punishment; burdens of proof and persuasion; appeal and error.

Learning Objectives

At the end of this course, students will be able to:

• Understand the constitutional basis for the rules of criminal procedure followed in American courtrooms at both the state and federal levels and use that knowledge to frame arguments for the application, interpretation, extension, and modification of the Rules.

• Correctly identify and be able to orally explain adjudicative criminal procedure issues, in the context of appellate cases and hypothetical problems presented in the classroom.

• Critique the American criminal justice system for its ability to provide equitable treatment of accused persons based on race, ethnicity, gender, economic status, and other factors affecting access to justice.

• Engage and consider non-dominant perspectives on criminal justice with respect and empathy.

• Answer bar-style multiple-choice questions and write bar-style essay answers on criminal law topics covered on the Multistate Bar Exam including “right to counsel; fair trial and guilty pleas; double jeopardy; cruel and unusual punishment; burdens of proof and persuasion; appeal and error.”
Class Meetings

This is a live class that meets Monday and Wednesday from 3:00-4:15 PM, starting Wednesday, January 15 and ending Wednesday, April 24. Most class meetings will occur live in Room 108. Some meetings may occur via MS Teams if I am out of town. If I am going to be out of town and must hold a class session via MS Teams, I will give you ample advance notice. Classes will not be held Monday, January 15 because of the Martin Luther King, Jr. holiday, or on Monday, April 8 because of the eclipse. I will provide make-up information about both those classes.

The final examination schedule has not yet been released. I will provide information about the final examination when it is available.

Course Materials.


You are also required to have access to the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure with Advisory Committee Notes. I have provided a link to them on the D2L page.

Contact Information

a. General. My office is in Room 254. Telephone number is 453-8722. E-mail address is cbehan@siu.edu. If you need to reach me and I am not in the building, leave a text at 618-521-1849. I prefer text messages to calls. If you text, identify yourself in the text. I likely won’t know who you are if you don’t!

b. Office Hours. My office hours are M-W from 10:30 to 12:00 PM. You may also drop in without an appointment if my office door is open, or you can schedule an appointment for an in-person or MS Teams meeting. I try to be responsive to student requests for meetings.

c. Teaching Assistant. My teaching assistant is Kate Bauer. She will post her availability and contact information on the D2L page.

d. Electronic Communication. Check your e-mail regularly. I will use D2L to send messages pertaining to class. Make sure you check the actual email address you used to register for D2L. The School of Law has adopted a rule requiring students to use their assigned siu.edu email address for law school-related business. Thus, excuses such as, “well, I use my gmail account and that’s why I never got your email,” are unacceptable.

e. Problems and Issues. Despite the best efforts of professors and students, class is not always perfect. Sometimes a lecture or concept is unclear. Sometimes a fellow student will do or say something insensitive or inappropriate that is not fully resolved by the professor in the classroom. You may experience personal frustration with something I do or say in the classroom. If you
experience a problem or identify an issue in the class, please come see me so we can discuss it and resolve it. Some of my best growth and development as a professor has come from students taking the time to alert me to issues or problems of which I had not previously been aware.

**Workload, Class Structure and Class Rhythm**

The American Bar Association standards for accrediting law schools contain a formula for calculating the amount of work that constitutes one credit hour. According to ABA Standard 310(b)(1), “a “credit hour” is an amount of work that reasonably approximates: (1) not less than one hour of classroom or direct faculty instruction and two hours of out-of-class student work per week for fifteen weeks, or the equivalent amount of work over a different amount of time.” This is a 3-credit hour class, meaning that we will spend two 75-minute blocks of time together each week (a 100-minute block each Monday and Wednesday). The amount of assigned reading and out of class preparation should take you about 3 hours for each class session and 6 hours for the week, averaged out over the full semester, and including studying for and taking the final examination. All told, applying the ABA standard to the number of credits offered for this class, you should plan on spending a total of 9 hours per week (3 in class and 6 preparing for class) on course-related work.

The class follows a predictable structure and rhythm:

1. **Before Class.** There is a reading assignment for each class session. The reading assignments will typically include cases, notes following the cases, and problems and hypotheticals in the textbook. You are expected to read the assignment, brief and understand the cases, and work out proposed solutions to any of the problem cases on your own prior to class.

2. **During Class.** We will discuss the cases, note cases, discussions, questions, and problem cases from the book in class. I cold-call on students to discuss cases and problems. When I call on a student, anything in the assigned reading is fair game for questioning, including the primary case, note cases, discussion materials, and problem cases.

**Attendance, Class Preparation and Participation**

Attendance is required. In accordance with law school rules, you may miss no more than four (4) class sessions during the semester without having to withdraw from the class or face the grade penalty under the School of Law rules. You are responsible to manage your own absences and, as an adult and a professional, should realize that if you take all absences early in the semester and run into a problem later in the semester, you will have created a problem for yourself from which no one else is obligated to rescue you. Also, if you are assessed an absence for inadequate preparation, that absence counts towards your total. If you exceed the number of absences (including absences assessed for inadequate preparation), you are subject to penalties in School of Law Rule 5(g). These include involuntary withdrawal from the course, a grade reduction, or failing the class.

I will verbally call roll at the beginning of each class period. If you are not present when I call roll, you’ll be assessed an absence.
Class preparation and participation are not only keys to successful learning, but they are also an integral part of this course. I believe class participation is critical to a successful learning experience. From a pedagogical perspective, nothing is better than a classroom in which students have read the material and are engaged in the classroom experience; conversely, few things are worse than the reverse.

I cold-call on students, using a spreadsheet that randomly generates an order for cold-calling. It is possible to be called on multiple sessions in a row. I expect you to be prepared for class. I will assign a grade on a scale of 0 to 10 for every time I cold-call on you in class. If it becomes evident during our discussion that you are not prepared or have not been paying attention to class, I will announce that you have been assessed an absence for the day. You will also be assigned a grade of 0 for class participation for the day.

I expect you to listen and be mentally engaged in class. Active, sustained listening is a critical skill for lawyers. I use a minimal number of slides in the class; they do not substitute for good note-taking practices by students.

In addition to participating in class when called on, I expect you to listen respectfully to others. Attempts to dominate classroom discussions, interruptions of myself or others, eye-rolling or disruptive body language and behavior, or other unprofessional classroom behaviors will result in class participation grade reductions and/or assessed absences.

When I call on a student in class, I am focused on that student and the dialogue we are having. I will entertain questions from other class members after those discussions but not during them. Furthermore, I do not call on every student who raises their hands, every time. Frequently, you may hear me say something such as, “We are moving on. I am not calling on you at this time.” This is not personal, but rather a reflection of my judgment that it is time to move to another topic. If questions remain about a subject after I have moved on, you may approach me after class or during office hours to discuss.

**MS Teams Protocol**

If we hold any class session via MS Teams, the entire class will participate via MS Teams. I expect the following if and when we hold a class via MS Teams:

- Make sure you have a good, high-speed internet connection. If you are attending from home, ensure that no one else is using MS Teams or streaming movies or video at that time. If you can plug your computer directly into a router with an ethernet cable or USB connection, you’ll find your MS Teams connection will be much better than simply using wifi.

- Attempting to attend class while driving somewhere else does not count as class attendance. Should it become apparent that is what you’re doing, I’ll assess an absence for the day.
• Turn off all programs on your computer except MS Teams and a word-processing program if you are using one to take notes. Do not use chat services or instant-messaging services on your computer during class.

• Do not use your cellphone during this class, or any class, unless it is to participate in an online survey or quiz as directed by me.

• If you are speaking, your video camera must be on. When your camera is on please ensure the area around you is free from distractions, including pets and people. Remember, your MS Teams presence is intended to substitute for your personal presence in the classroom as much as possible.

• To help with bandwidth issues, you are permitted to turn your camera off when you are not speaking.

• When your camera is off, you are still part of the class. This means you are required to listen and to participate when called on, without me having to repeat the question or summarize the classroom discussion up to that point because you were not listening. If I call on you and you are not available to respond, ask me to repeat the question, or indicate in any way that you were checked out of class with your camera off, you’ll be assessed an absence for the day.

• A few things to consider when your camera is on.

  ▪ You are free to use a virtual background if you’d like, provided it is not overly distracting.

  ▪ If you’re attending class from a bedroom or other room in your home, take the time to make your bed, pick up any dirty clothes or dishes that might be lying around, and, in general, straighten the area up to look as uncluttered and professional as possible.

  ▪ The camera should be focused on your face and not on other parts of your body such as up your nostrils, your forehead, your neck, your chest, your midsection, any other non-face part of your body, or the wall behind you.

  ▪ The light source in the room should be in front of you, not behind you.

  ▪ Wear acceptable clothing, such as you would wear to class. Ensure that other people in your home who might pass through camera range are also wearing acceptable clothing. Acceptable clothing does not include pajamas and/or underwear as primary attire.
(This section is derived entirely from experience; my other students and I have, unfortunately, seen far more than we would like to see in classes or meetings in which the participants haven’t complied with these recommendations.)

- Unless you are being called on, keep your microphone muted. If you would like to participate, use the Raise Hand function on MS Teams to indicate this.

- If something happens to your internet connection during class, turn MS Teams off and on and log back on as soon as you can. There is no need to apologize for this; it happens to everyone. It may happen to me while I’m teaching (has happened before).

- I likely will not activate the MS Teams chat feature for our classes. I've found it to be more distracting than helpful during class.

Be courteous to the others in the classroom by keeping distractions to a minimum and giving the class your full attention. Do not text, send instant messages, or hold conversations with others during class.

**Policy on Recording Class**

You are not authorized to make your own audio or video recordings of my classes. The class will be recorded by the School of Law IT department. Generally, I do not make recordings available unless necessary to accommodate a disability or unless you request and receive my approval.

**Grading and Evaluation**

I will evaluate and assess your work in several ways:

- **Classroom Preparation and Performance** *(10% of final grade).* When I cold-call on you in class, I assess your performance on a scale of 0-10. You will have multiple opportunities to participate in class via cold-calling during the semester. **Note:** If you violate classroom norms for professional behavior or attempt to improperly dominate classroom discussions, for every instance of such behavior, you will receive a raw point penalty of 10 points subtracted from your overall classroom preparation and performance score (this could invalidate a prior score of 10 points or even result in negative points). Here are the performance standards for classroom participation that I will use to assess you:

  - **8-10 points.** (I am willing to give this grade to everyone, every time, but it must be earned; experience tells me relatively few students typically achieve this level.) Highest level of preparation. Student understands not only the basic facts and holding of the case, but also the Court’s reasoning, including its treatment of precedent as cited in the case. Student is well familiar with notes cases, discussion materials, and problems. Student answers questions accurately and concisely. **Student’s performance enhances the understanding of the overall class and demonstrates the highest standards of preparation, engagement, and performance.**
o **5-7 points.** (The typical classroom participation grade will likely be in the 5-7 point range but see comment in parentheses above.) Acceptable level of preparation. Student understands the basic facts and holding of the case. Understands the Court’s reasoning in the case, including treatment of precedent, but may require extra direction from the professor in class to get there. Student is familiar with notes cases, discussion materials, and problems but may require extra guidance and direction from professor to meaningfully contribute to the class discussion. Student demonstrates some difficulty answering questions accurately or concisely. **Student's preparation and performance makes a positive contribution to overall class discussion and the understanding of classmates.**

o **2-4 points.** Some preparation, but no real contribution to overall classroom discussion. Student may have read case but did not adequately understand it and did not spend the extra time required to do so. May be able to state the holding of the case but shows inadequate understanding of the Court’s reasoning in the case. Evident struggle to connect notes cases and discussion materials with the primary case. Professor may need to call on another student to complete the discussion or assist the cold-called student. **Student demonstrates effort and some preparation, but falls short of making a positive contribution to the classroom discussion.**

o Manifestly inadequate preparation. Student cannot answer basic questions about the case. Student wastes classroom time searching for information that a prepared student would have readily at hand. Student is unfamiliar with notes cases, discussion materials, and problems. **Student’s lack of performance and preparation detracts from the classroom experience for others and falls short of minimum standards of classroom professionalism.**

- **Bar Essay (10%).** This is an anonymously graded bar-style essay on a course topic. It will be administered via D2L. The assessment rubric will be provided in advance. You will receive a grade and feedback on your submission. If the essay does not meet standards, you will be required to rewrite it. Your final grade for the essay will be an average of your first submission and your rewritten submission. More details on the assignment to follow. This assignment satisfies the bar-assignment requirement for this course, as well as the Writing Across the Curriculum requirement.

- **Discussion Board Post. (10%).** There will be a sign-up sheet on D2L for this assignment. By noon on the day your post is due, you’ll post a written discussion board piece about a case or news story pertaining to the subject matter of the course for that week. If you want to use an example from a movie or television show, you must first obtain permission from me. Your written post will summarize the case, provide a hyperlink to the written opinion (or video clip if from a movie or television show), and identify two insightful discussion questions that arise from the case. The Discussion Board postings are part of the assigned reading for the course. To encourage engagement and participation in these discussions, at least five of the questions on the final examination multiple choice will be based on Discussion Board postings and responses.
The Discussion Board assignments will begin Week Two of the class. I will provide you with a rubric and assignment memo during Week One.

- **Discussion Board Responses**, (5%). You are expected to respond and participate in an online discussion and dialogue with your classmates on the Discussion Board postings. For this purpose, I’ll divide the class into three groups (A, B, and C). Each group will alternate responsibility for comments on the Perp of the Day postings by week. The Reading Schedule lists which group is responsible for responding each week. You must comment on at least one posting each of the weeks your group is assigned. Your comments should be insightful, engaging, and respectful. You can comment on as many Perp of the Day Discussion Board postings as you would like, but you will not get full credit unless you post during your assigned weeks. At the end of the term, you will be required to cut and paste your responses into a document, along with the original dates you posted them, and submit the document to D2L.

- **Final examination (65%)**. Comprehensive, covering the entire semester. More details about format and administration of the examination will be provided later in the semester.

**Other Important Information on Support and Resources**

Please see the Law School and Provost Syllabus attachments, available on the D2L page.
The reading schedule for the first four weeks of the semester is below. There may be times when reading that is assigned for a class spills over to the next class. This does not change your obligation to be prepared for the material that is listed for the next day and class. Think of the reading schedule as akin to an airline schedule: you are required to be at the airport on time, even if the flight might be delayed a bit. The acronym DCP refers to the Dressler book.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week</th>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>In-Class Topics</th>
<th>Reading Assignment</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>15 Jan</td>
<td>No class, but makeup assignment</td>
<td>Why Trials Matter</td>
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<td>Watch the documentary Scottsboro: An American Tragedy, available on Amazon Prime Video. Come to the 17 January class prepared to discuss the movie in light of the reading assignment for 17 January.</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>19 Jan</td>
<td>Criminal Process: Failures, Choices, and Legitimacy</td>
<td>DCP 9-12; 19-46; 61-68</td>
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<td>Primary Cases: Powell v. Alabama</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>22 Jan</td>
<td>Case Screening and Prosecutorial Discretion</td>
<td>DCP: 867-889</td>
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<td>Primary Cases: United States v. Armstrong, Blackledge v. Perry</td>
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<td>GROUP A comment on Discussion Boards this week</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>26 Jan</td>
<td>Judicial and Grand Jury Screening of Cases</td>
<td>DCP: 890-918</td>
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<td>Primary Cases: Coleman v. Alabama</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>29 Jan</td>
<td>Pretrial Release</td>
<td>DCP: 835-866</td>
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<td>Primary Cases: Stack v. Boyle, United States v. Salerno</td>
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<td>GROUP B comment on Discussion Boards this week</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>31 Jan</td>
<td>Case Processing Fifth Amendment Privilege and Grand Jury</td>
<td>DCP: 919-947</td>
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<td>Primary Cases: Hoffman v. United States</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>5 Feb</td>
<td>Discovery</td>
<td>DCP: 948-990</td>
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<td>GROUP C comment on Discussion Boards this week</td>
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<tr>
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<td>8</td>
<td>9 Feb</td>
<td>NO CLASS. Bar essay assignment on D2L.</td>
<td>See D2L.</td>
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